

# EDspaces

Designing the Future of Education  
Charlotte, NC | November 7-9, 2023

## College Ratings

Comparing Classrooms with the  
Learning Space Rating System

Tuesday, November 7 2:30-3:30

# Learning Objectives

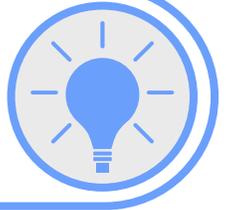
01

Introduce the LSRS as a classroom evaluation tool to improve the physical and social well-being of students.



02

Discuss the similarities and differences of classroom inventories across institutional types and section capacities.



03

Analyze your inventory for quick wins to bolster student belonging and academic success within your learning spaces.



04

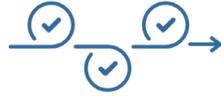
Develop renovation strategies to make your classrooms safer, healthier, more active, and more equitable across building types and disciplines.



# Agenda

01

The Evolving Classroom



02

Best Practices



03

Learning Space Rating System



04

LSRS in Action





01

# The Evolving Classroom

# The Evolving University



Birth of the University



INDUSTRY  
INTELLIGENCE

First Industrial Revolution  
Second Industrial Revolution



FACTORY  
MASS  
PRODUCTION

Third Industrial Revolution



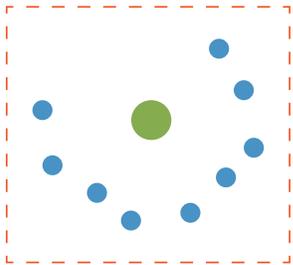
TECHNOLOGY  
AUTOMATION:  
CONNECT  
PEOPLE

Fourth Industrial Revolution

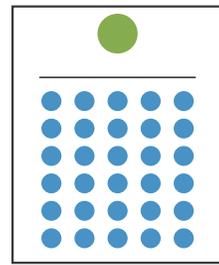
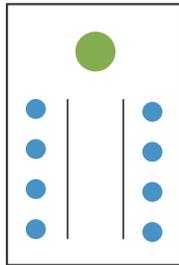


IMMERSIVE TECHNOLOGY  
INTEGRATION:  
CONNECT EXPERIENCES

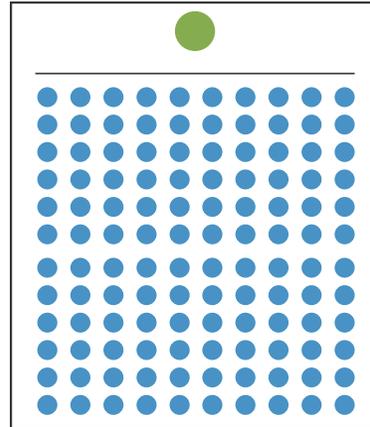
Ancient  
Greece



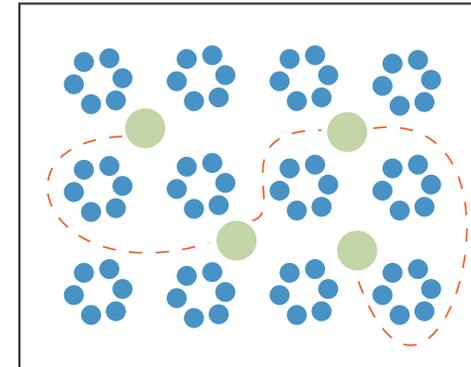
Middle Ages



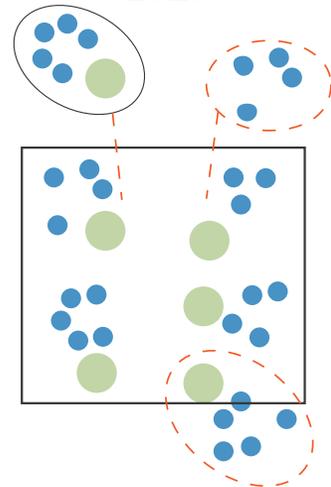
Industrial Era



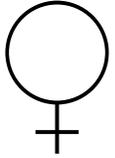
Early 21<sup>st</sup> Century



2020+



# The Evolving College Student



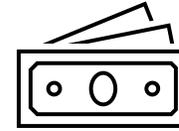
**6/10**

identify as female



**4/10**

identify as a  
minority



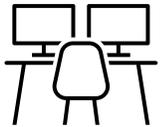
**4/10**

receive pell grants



**5/10**

first-generation



**6/10**

employed part-time



**4/10**

part-time student



**2/10**

are parents



**4/10**

attend community  
college

# The Evolving Curriculum



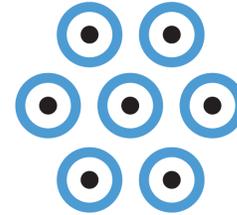
Instruction Delivered  
In static environments

Teacher-Centered

Passive Learning  
lectures and scripted labs

Segmented Curriculum  
Singular subjects, Carnegie-based

Students Memorize Material  
focus on regurgitation



Whole Person Educational  
Environments

Learning Facilitated  
in high-energy spaces

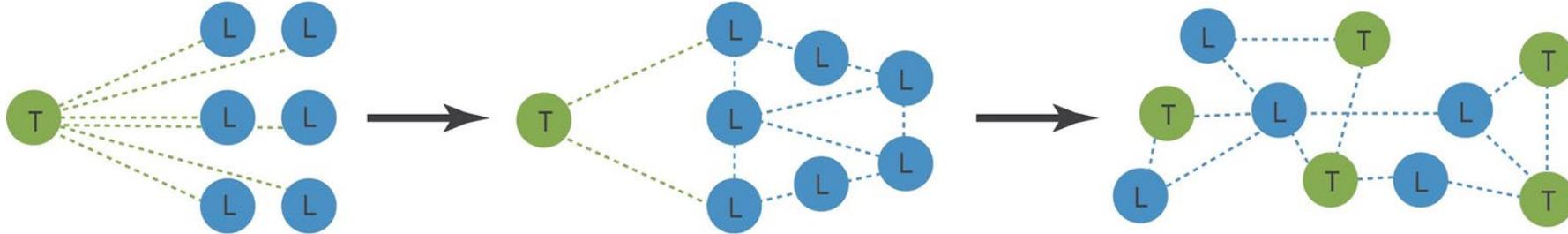
Learner-Centered

Active Learning  
skills-based and experiential

Integrated Curriculum  
experience extends beyond classroom

Students Create Material  
focus on application

# The Evolving Delivery



## Knowledge DELIVERED

Passive

Teacher as Dispenser of Knowledge

## Knowledge SHARED

Active

Learners as Dispensers of Knowledge

## Knowledge NETWORKED

Active and Problem Based

Learner as Creator of Knowledge



ANYWHERE



ANYWAY



ANYONE



ANYTIME

# The Evolving Classroom

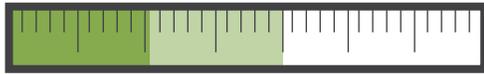
Traditional  
College Classrooms



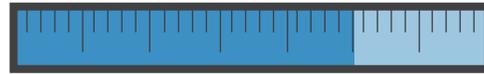
VS.



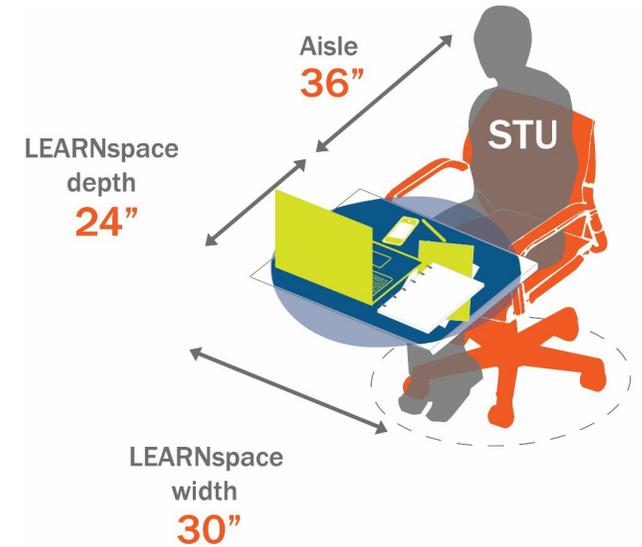
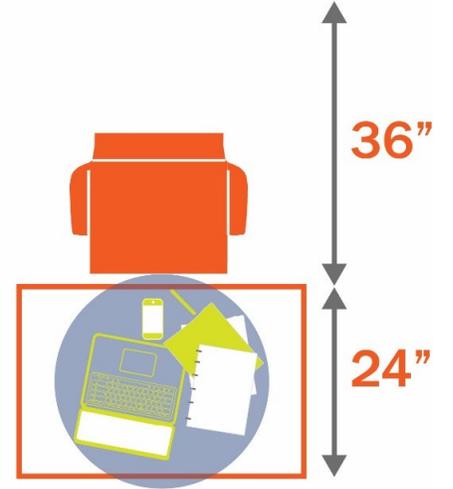
Whole Person  
Educational  
Environments



10-20<sub>NASF</sub>



25-35<sub>NASF</sub>





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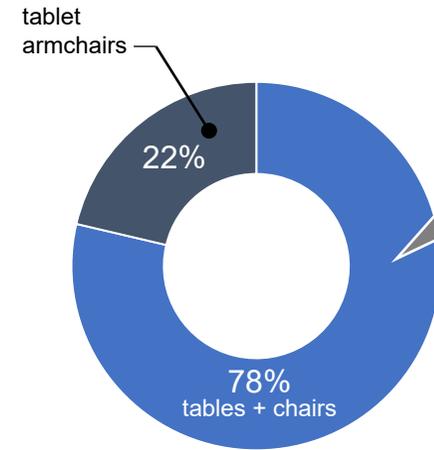
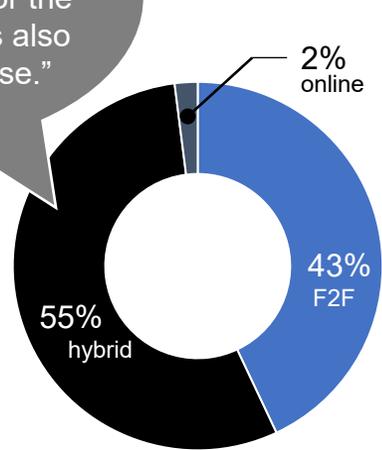
02

# Best Practices

# Engagement

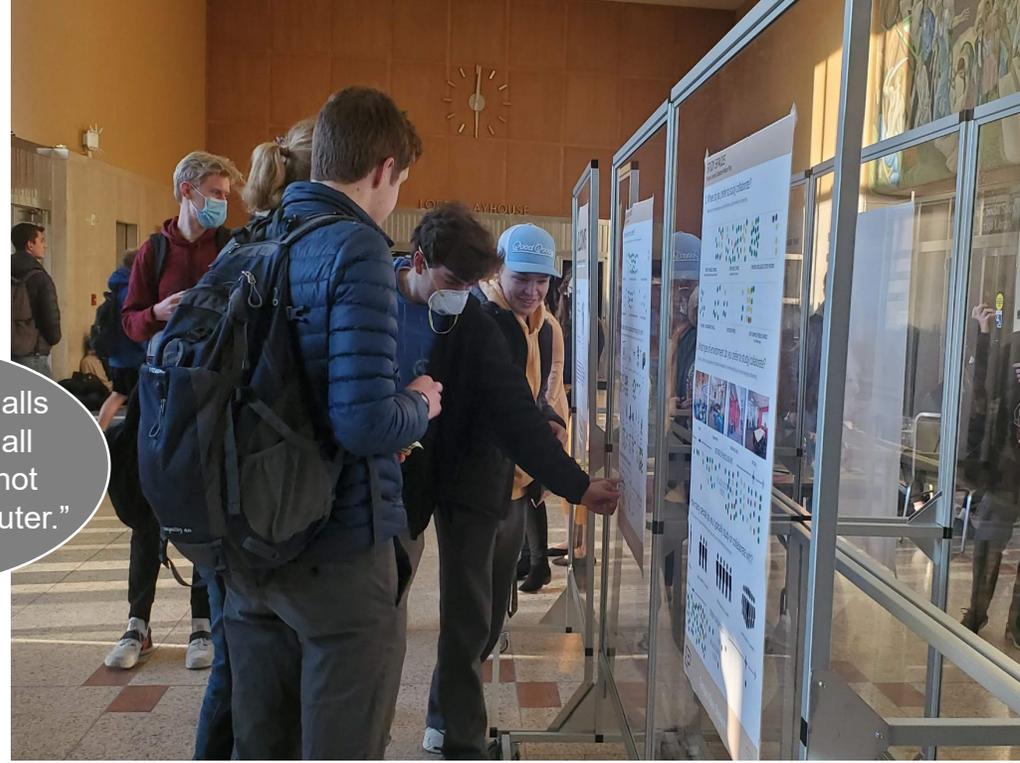
“Give us the options to succeed. Accommodations for the small minority of us also helps everyone else.”

Course Delivery Preferences

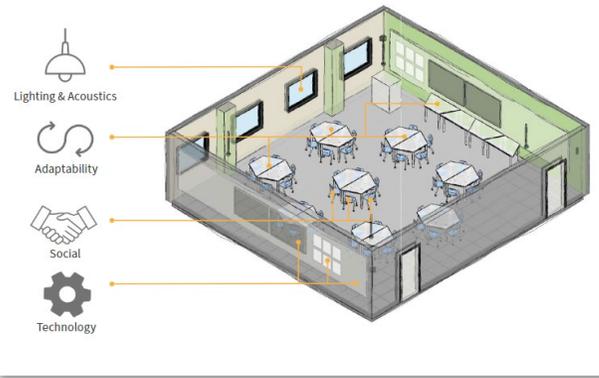


“Some lecture halls have super small desks that cannot even fit my computer.”

Furniture Preferences



The follow Isometrics pictures our recommendations implemented in a classroom.



**Roger Williams - Classroom Visioning**

Classroom Building Blocks

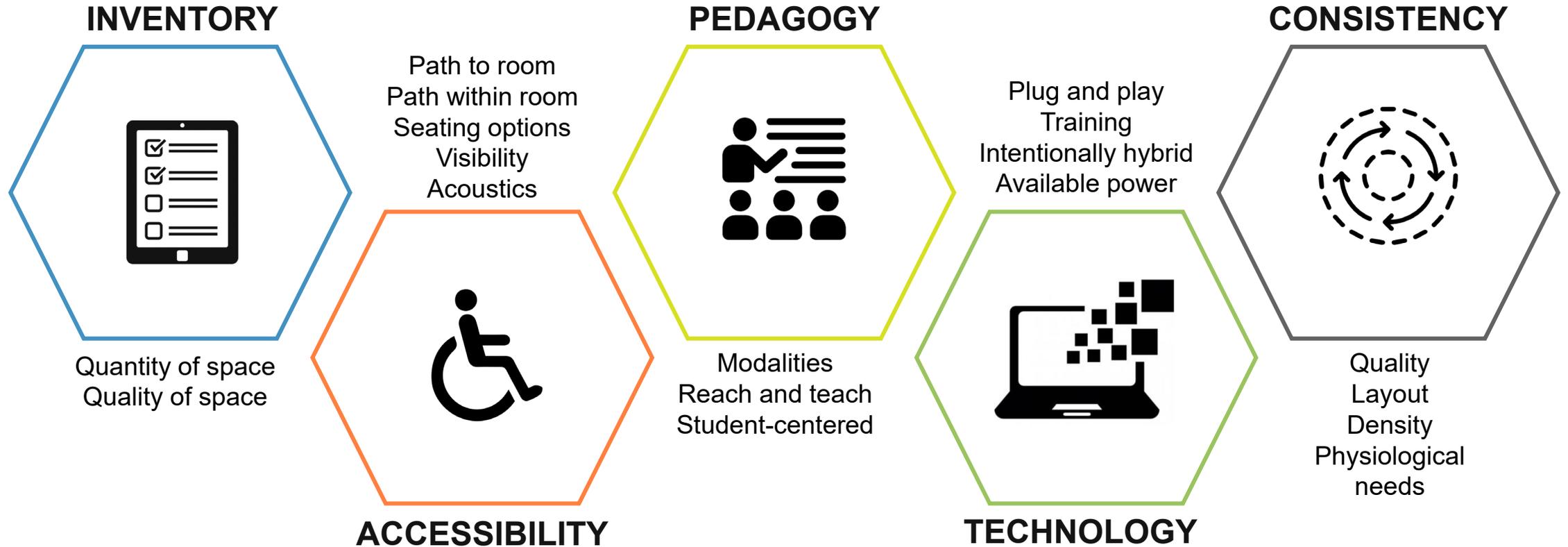
- Learning-at-Scale | Multipurpose Learning + Event Space
- STEAM | Studio Spaces for Artists, Designers and Performers
- Learning Outside the Classroom
- Immersive Learning | Considerations for a Physical-Virtual Ecosystem
- Simplicity is good

Comments:

- Maybe with some white board walls? Or at least make them easy to clean because I can see people sitting at one there really quickly.
- Yes and -- as the semester wraps up the number of students considering the semester "hybrid" because of class location. We increased dramatically ALL types of rooms need flexibility and reconfigurability. This is an accessibility issue. N. Jen
- Seccondly the space comment above -- the responsiveness of all many of those images seems in stark contrast with the realities of the classrooms I find myself in and the challenges of managing room budgets/deep schedules.
- Another view of MAS 210. I see students in small groups up to the whiteboards to draw and make notes, etc. Every inch counts needed for effective pedagogy and can sometimes cause more problems than it solves.



# Recurring Themes



# Learning Space Best Practices



1

**Instructional Proxemics**

2

**Proportions**

3

**Physiological Needs**

# Learning Space Best Practices: Instructional Proxemics



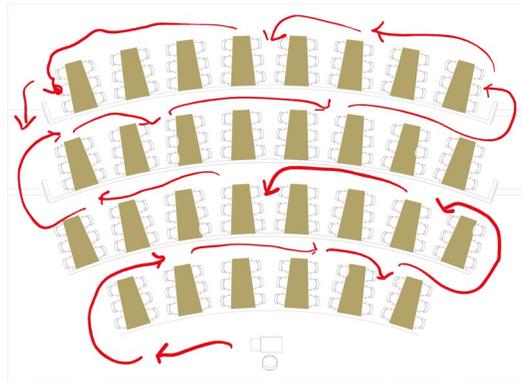
## Turn and Learn

- Collaboration - Students can face each other to discuss and work together on in-class activities
- Security – Students feel more comfortable when they can see who is speaking or moving



## Movement

- Users (students and instructors) can completely circulate the room
  - Flat floors or ramps allow users with physical disabilities to reach all spaces

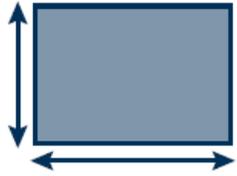


## Instructor Distance

- Ability to approach any student for a one-on-one conversation
  - Limit seating to about 6-8 students between aisles

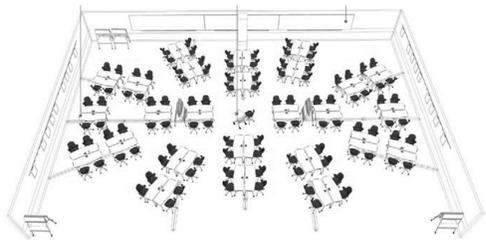


# Learning Space Best Practices: Proportions



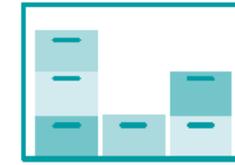
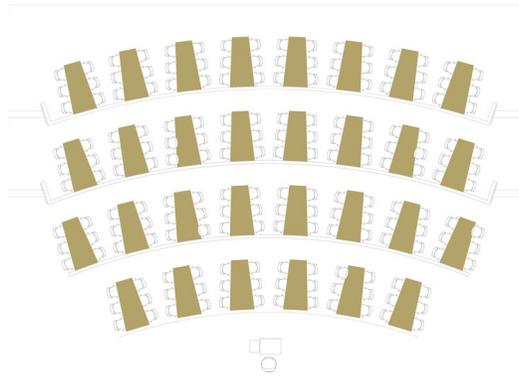
## Aspect Ratio

- Depth - width aspect ratio should not exceed 1:1.5



## Orientation

- If fixed seating is needed, orient furnishings in a horizontal manner to keep students closer to the instructor



## Storage

- Adjacent storage spaces give instructors the ability to manipulate furnishings and store props and technology



# Learning Space Best Practices: Physiological Needs



## Lighting

- Access to natural light
- Lighting that provides even illumination + minimizes glare
- Ability to dim lights



## Acoustics

- Microphones + speakers
- Acoustic wall, ceiling, and floor materials
- Accommodations for students or faculty with hearing impairments

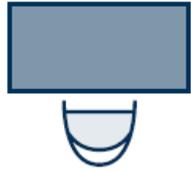


## Sightlines

- Ability to see instructor and peers
- Ability to see teaching materials (screens, whiteboards)
- Ability to see entries



# Learning Space Best Practices: Inclusion & Belonging



## Writing Surface

- Ideally, students should have 24” deep writing surface
- Ensure a minimum of 18”
- For turn-and-learn, consider the belongings of both rows of students



## Inclusion

- Utilize ramps, flat floors, and mobile furnishings whenever possible to accommodate students with physical disabilities



## Informal Spaces

- Complement large spaces with adjacent smaller breakout spaces = 3-5 sf/seat



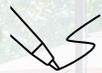
# Design Standards: Baseline



Appropriately sized visual displays



Acoustic finish materials



12' min. writing surface unobstructed by the screen



Lighting and thermal controls



Unobstructed view of instructor



Seating that accommodates a range of body sizes



Min 5% accessible seating



Min 20 asf/student

# Design Standards: Active



Multiple fronts of room

Access to informal space

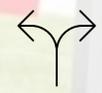
Mobile furniture

Sufficient horizontal surface

Instructor can reach and teach all student

Increased min asf/student

Outlets and recording capabilities

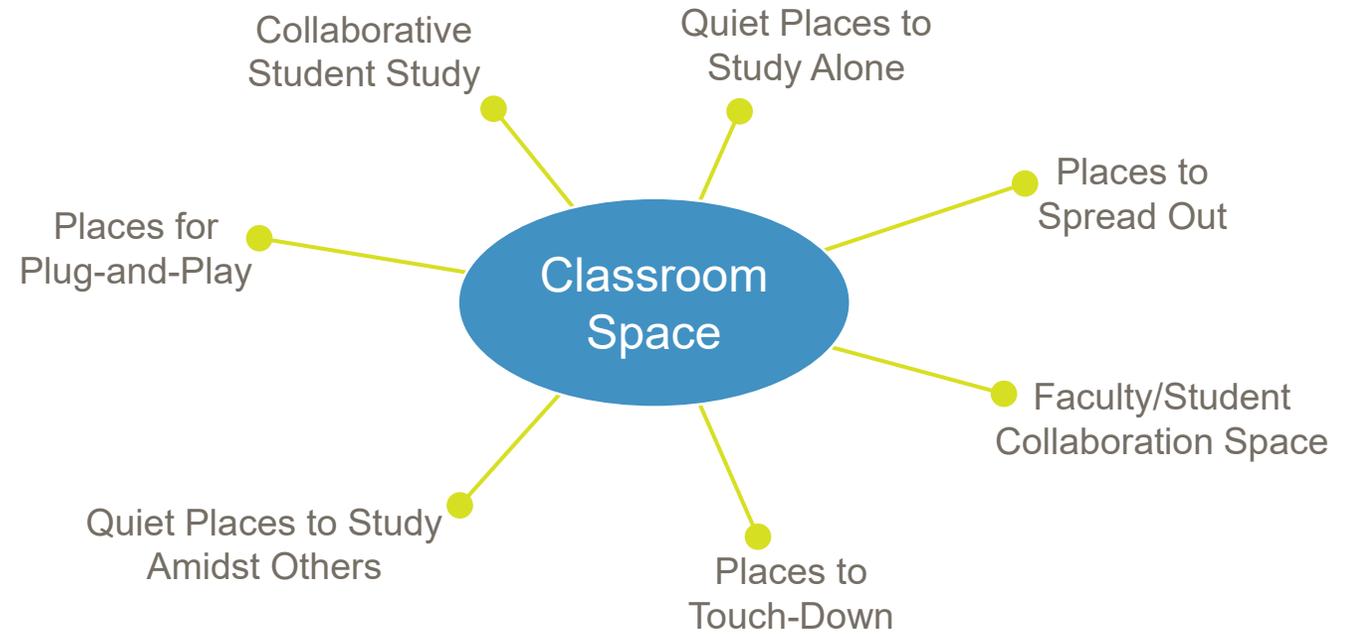


# Classroom Sizing Rules of Thumb

Capacity Range	Minimum ASF/Seat Guideline	Guideline translated to Classrooms	Rule of Thumb
<b>0 - 40 Seats</b>	30+ ASF per Seat	40 seats X 30 ASF = 1,200 ASF	Rooms 1,200 ASF or smaller should have 30 ASF/seat
<b>41 - 100 Seats</b>	25+ ASF per Seat	100 seats X 25 ASF = 2,500 ASF	Rooms 1,201 - 2,500 ASF should have 25 ASF/seat
<b>101 - 150 Seats</b>	22+ ASF per Seat	150 seats X 22 ASF = 3,300 ASF	Rooms 2,501 - 3,300 ASF should have 22 ASF/seat
<b>151+ Seats</b>	20+ ASF per Seat		Rooms 3,301+ ASF should have 20 ASF/seat

# Informal Learning Space

Learning happens everywhere! A classroom study is not complete without looking at the **adjacent spaces** where **informal learning** takes place.



## Informal Learning Space

For every **seat inside the classroom** or **instructional lab** in an academic building, best practices suggest **3-5 ASF of informal space** to support a 24/7 in-person learning experience

- Locate near circulation paths and on the way to instructional spaces
- If possible, locate on every floor where instruction occurs
- Stackable informal space = visual opportunity on the outside of a building + comfort and belonging on the inside

**25-30**

**ASF**

inside the instructional space



**3-5**

**ASF**

outside the instructional space



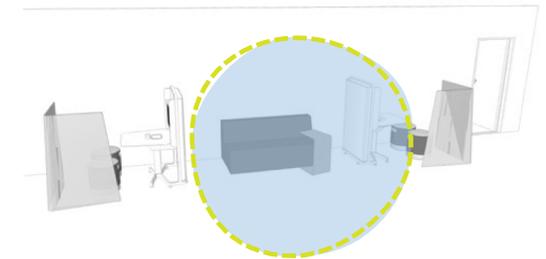
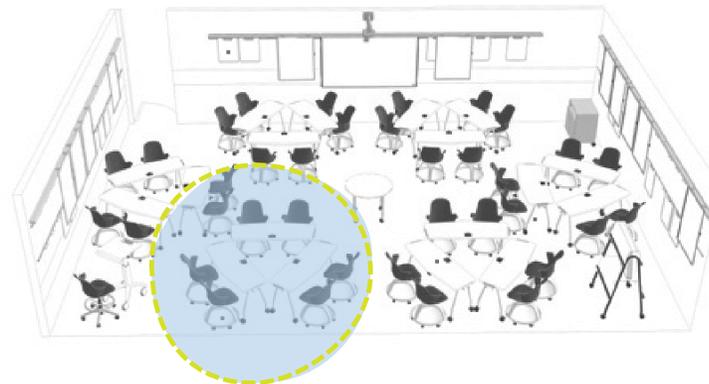
**5-8 desks**

inside the instructional environment



**1 study space**

outside the instructional environment





03

## Learning Space Rating System

# Learning Space Rating System

LSRS provides a framework of **measurable criteria (credits)** to evaluate the potential of a formal learning space to support a broad range of higher education's diverse learning and teaching practices.



## Environmental Quality

- Daylight, views to nature, lighting and thermal controls, acoustics, and clear sightlines



## Layout and Furnishing

- Density of seating, flexibility and comfort of furnishings, teaching walls, ability to move throughout the room, and access to informal areas



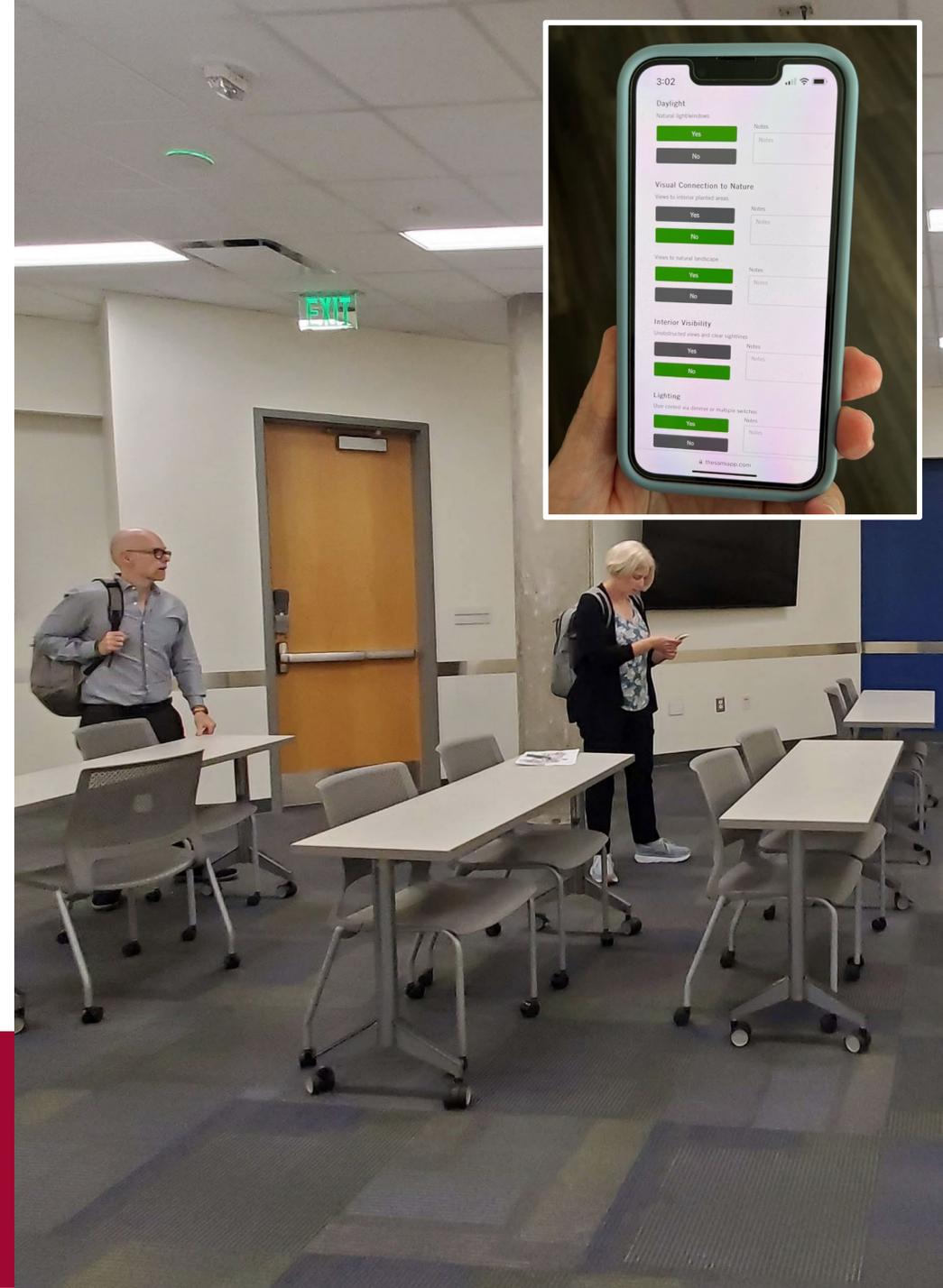
## Tools & Technology

- Electrical power, sound amplification, and projected displays

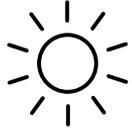


## Inclusion

- For individuals with mobility challenges

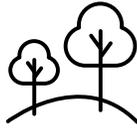


# Environmental Quality



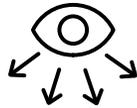
## Daylight

- 1 pt = Access to daylight via window or skylight



## Visual Connection to Nature

- 1 pt = Views to natural landscape elements
- 1 pt = Views to interior planted areas



## Visibility

- 1 pt = Unobstructed views for all participants to see one another and writable surfaces



## Lighting Control

- 1 pt = Dimming controls



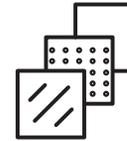
## Thermal Comfort and Control

- 1 pt = Operable windows, thermostat, or fan
- 1 pt = Ability to increase air movement such as with a ceiling fan



## Acoustic Quality

- 1 pt = Elements such as carpet, acoustic ceiling tile, or acoustic wall treatments



## Materials, Patterns, and Forms

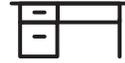
- 1 pt = Natural materials, patterns, or forms such as wood

# Layout and Furnishings



## Proximity

- 1 pt = students can face each other, and instructor can be within 15 ft of each student



## Work Surfaces

- 1 pt = each student has a work surface of at least 24x30



## Writable Surfaces

- 1 pt = multiple teaching walls
- 1 pt = mobile whiteboards



## Movement

- 1 pt = users can circulate through room



## Seating Comfort

- 1 pt = seating is adjustable in at least two ways



## Physical Storage

- 1 pt = storage for auxiliary equipment or furniture



## Density

- 1 pt = >25 NASF/student
- Or 2 pts = >30 NASF/student



## Transparency

- 1 pt = views into the room
- 1 pt = shades to control transparency



## Adaptability

- 1 pt = infrastructure is designed to adapt to changing uses



## Furniture Configuration

- 1 pt = chairs with casters
- 1 pt = tables with casters
- 1 pt = Stackable chairs
- 1 pt = height adjustable furniture



## Access to Informal Areas

- 1 pt = informal space nearby

## Tools and Technology



### Electrical Power

- 1 pt = safe and convenient access to electrical power for student use throughout classroom



### Visual Displays

- 1 pt = visual display appropriate to size and capacity of room
- Or 2 pts = ability to project from multiple sources simultaneously
- Or 3 pts = multiple visual displays capable of supporting small group and collaborative activity



### Sound Amplification

- 1 pt = microphones and speakers for amplification (or small room)
- 1 pt = Hearing Loop

## Inclusion



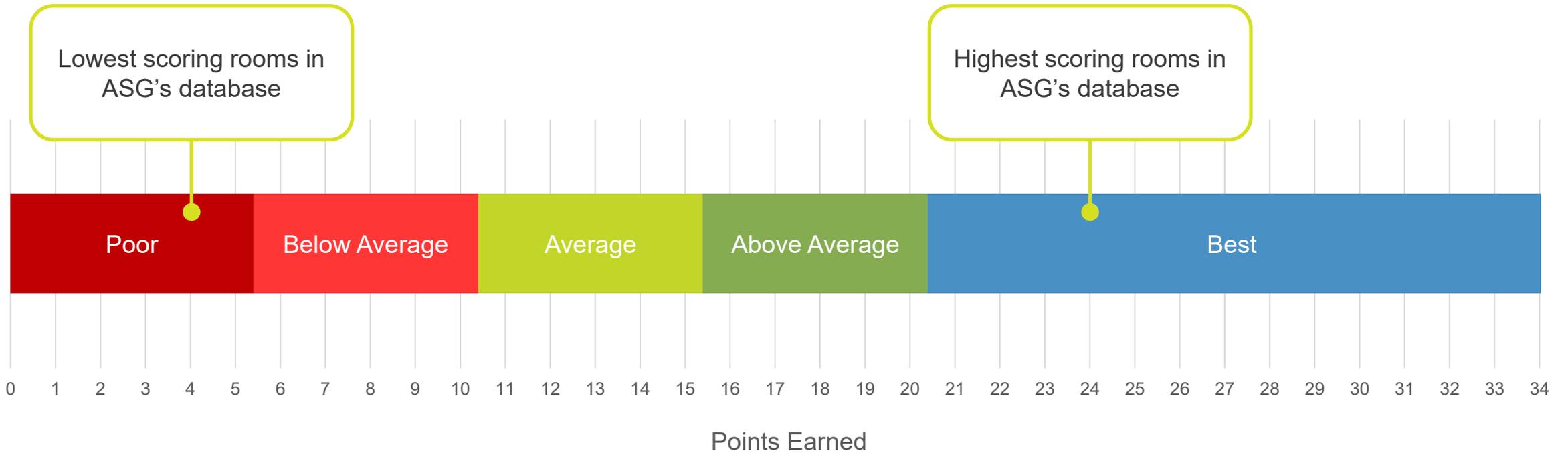
### Physical Inclusion and Universal Design

- 1 pt = student in wheelchair has station in classroom
- Or 2 pts = student in wheelchair can occupy any station in classroom

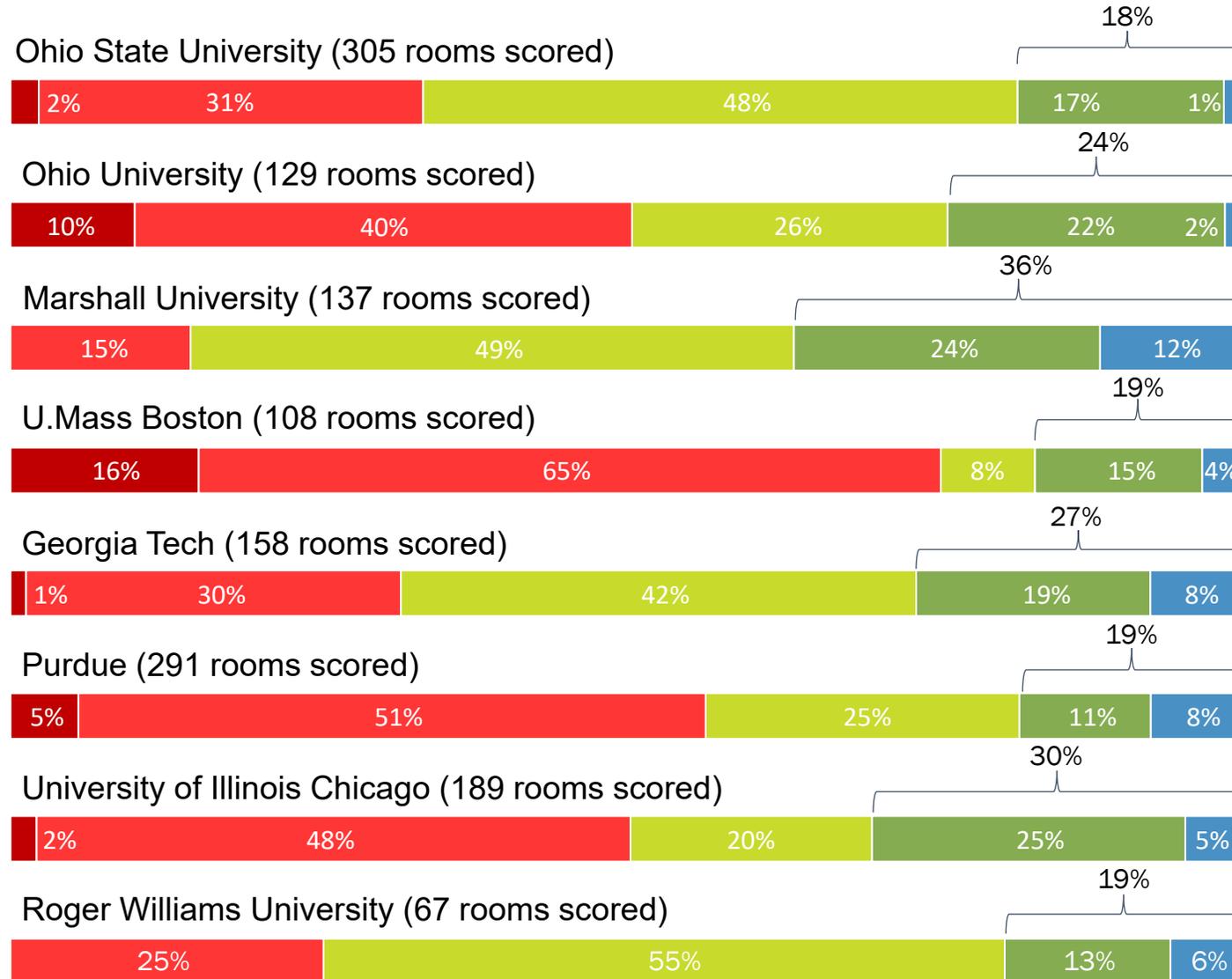
# Range of Scores

## 34 Points Possible

No single room will earn all 34 points!



# Benchmarking

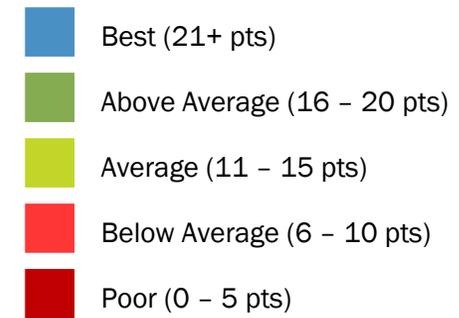


ASG has rated

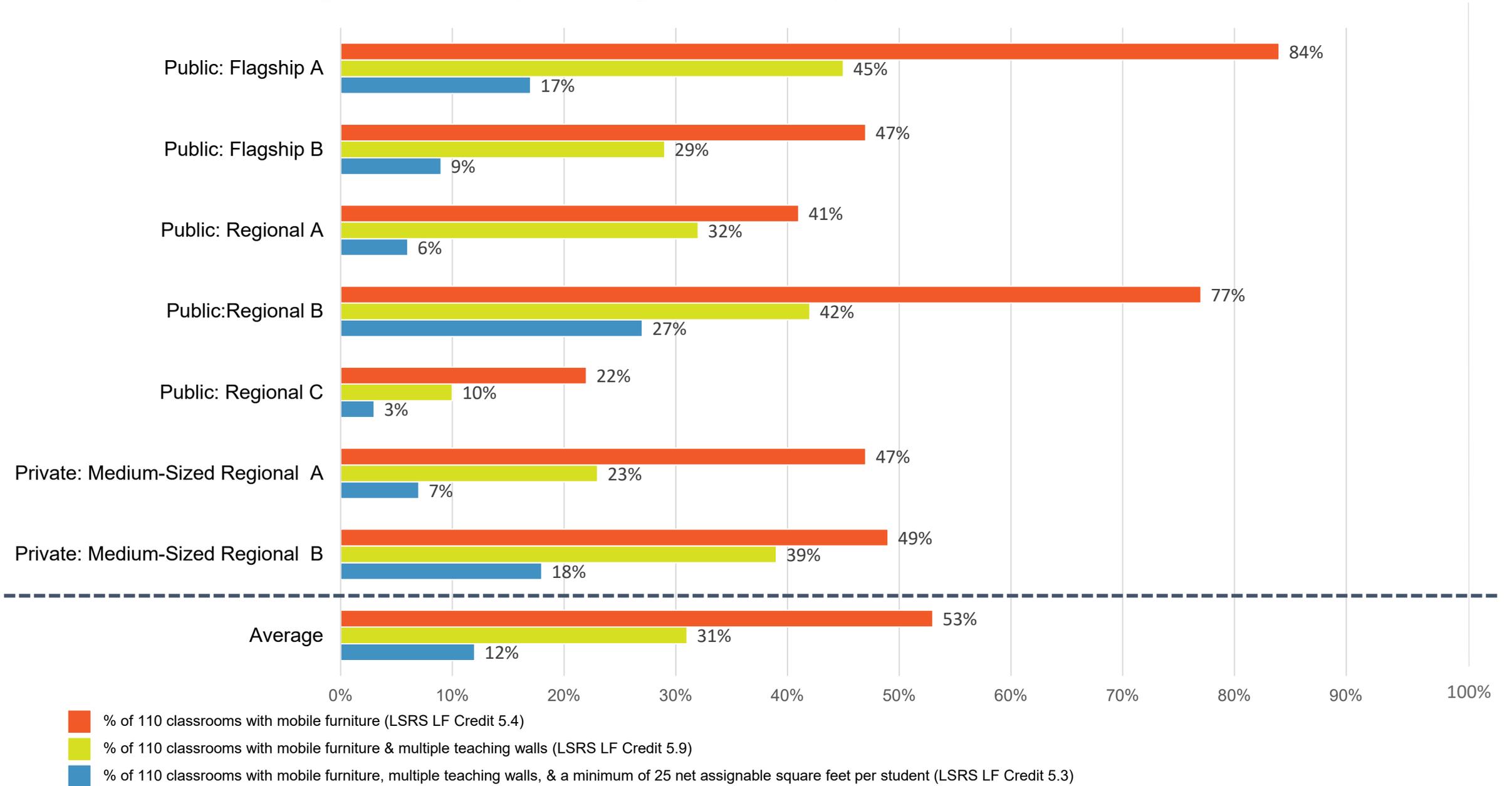
**>1,500** classrooms

in the last two years.

Here's some of what we've found.



# Active Learning Attributes (Existing Conditions)



Now Let's Try It!

# Score Results

- Best (21+ pts)
- Above Average (16 – 20 pts)
- Average (11 – 15 pts)
- Below Average (6 – 10 pts)
- Poor (0 – 5 pts)



21 Points

Best



Compared to a typical convention center layout...

10 Points

Below Average

What would you do to  
improve this room?

Daylight

Views to nature or  
biophilic design

More seats that are  
adjustable?

Hearing loop

What's missing from LSRS?

Finish condition

Aspect ratios

Storage metrics

Others?



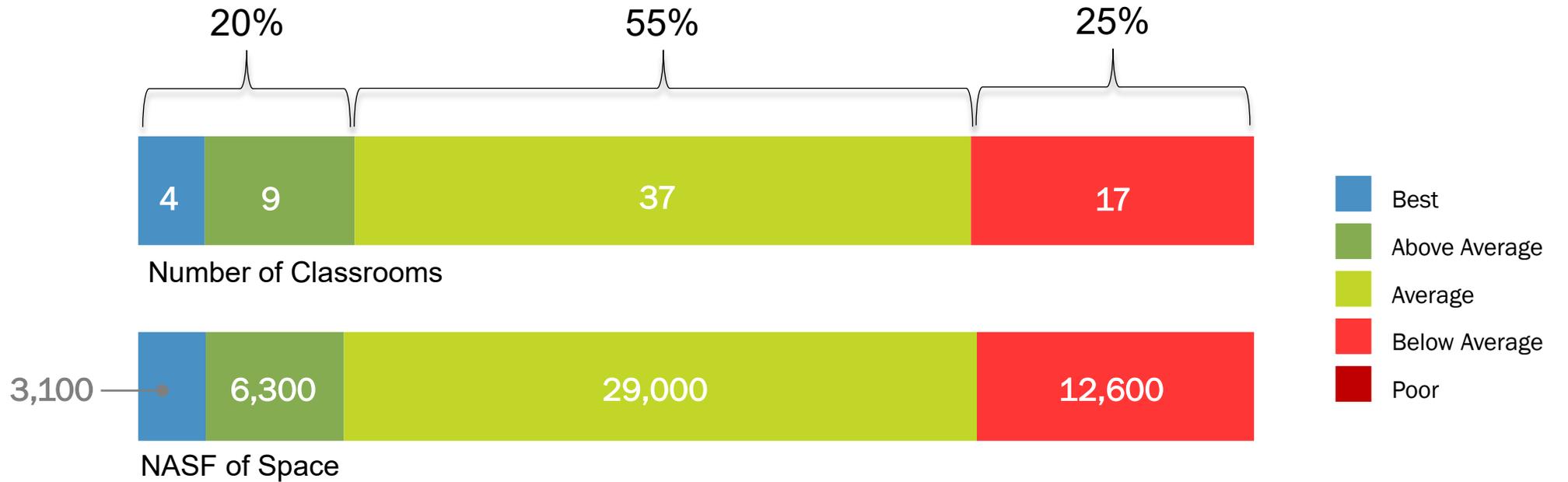
04

## LSRS in Action

# Roger Williams University - LSRS

67  
classrooms

51k  
NASF



**Room for Improvement:**  
Density/Overcrowding within Rooms  
Mobility  
Consistency/Equity

**Finishes**

**Furniture**

# Scoping Relative to LSRS

**In-House**  
near term



## Pricing – Level 1 (Low): ■ ■

- Add additional whiteboards
- Add additional outlets/access to power

## Pricing – Level 2 (Low): ■ ■

- Level 1 scope
- **Update finishes, window shades + lighting**

**Contractor**  
long term



## Pricing – Level 3 (Medium): ■ ■

- Level 1 & 2 scope
- **Reconfigure/combine flat-floor classrooms**
- **Minor electrical/HVAC scope**

## Pricing – Level 4 (High): ■ ■

- Level 1 & 2 scope
- **Replace fixed furniture w mobile furnishings**
- **Level tiered floors or convert classroom space to informal space**
- **Greater electrical/HVAC scope**

	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	TOTAL
# of rooms	13	5	27	13	9	67
NASF	10,639	4,667	17,073	6,908	11,777	51,064
Renovation	0	\$15,000	\$2.5-3.4 mil	\$3.1-3.5 mil	\$5.7-6.4 mil	\$11.3-13.3m
Furniture	\$237,000	\$18,000	\$715,000	(included)	(included)	\$970,000
Technology	0	0	\$690,000	(included)	(included)	\$690,000
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$237,000</b>	<b>\$33,000</b>	<b>\$3.9-4.7 mil</b>	<b>\$3.1-3.5 mil</b>	<b>\$5.7-6.4 mil</b>	<b>\$13-\$14.8 mil</b>

# Implementation Plan



**2024**

Goal: \$1mil  
**Immediate  
Impact**

6 rooms  
4,215 sf  
level 2 renos  
FCAS  
MNS

---

Estimated Cost:  
\$1mil



**2025**

Goal: \$1.3mil  
**Bigger  
Investments**

2 rooms  
7,824 sf  
level 4 renos  
FCAS  
GHH

---

Estimated Cost:  
\$1.3mil



**2026**

Goal: \$1.3mil  
**Multiple  
Quick Wins**

13 rooms  
8,486 sf  
level 1,2 renos  
ELS, FCAS, GSB,GHH  
MNS, NCRH, SC

---

Estimated  
Cost: \$1.3mil



**2027**

Goal: \$1.3mil  
**Rightsizing  
Inventory**

10 rooms  
6,034 sf  
level 0,3 renos  
ELS  
GHH

---

Estimated  
Cost: \$700k



**2028**

Goal: \$1.3mil  
**Rightsizing  
Inventory**

4 rooms  
2,379 sf  
level 3 renos  
FCAS

---

Estimated Cost:  
\$1.1mil



**2029**

Goal: \$1.3mil  
**Rightsizing  
Inventory**

6 rooms  
3,554 sf  
level 3 renos  
FCAS

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Estimated Cost:  
\$1.7mil

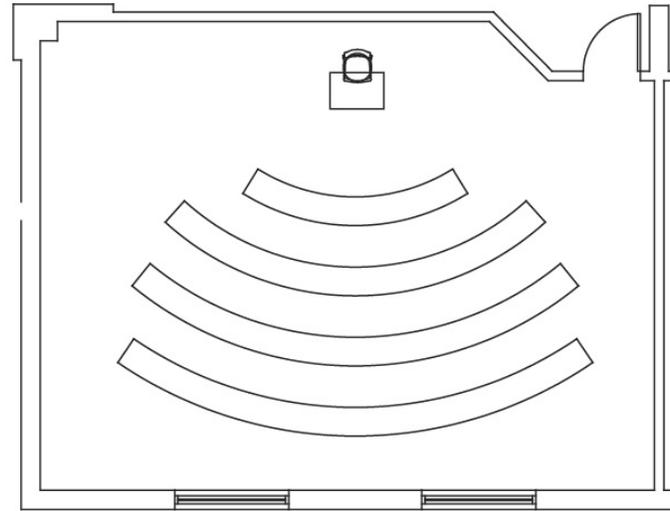
# Implementation



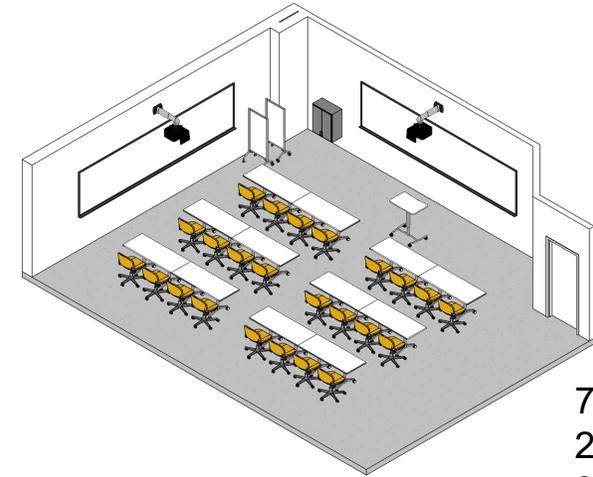
Immediate  
Impact  
**\$1mil**



2 buildings  
6 rooms  
4,215 sf  
level 2 renovations



769 NASF  
40 seats @  
22 sf/student



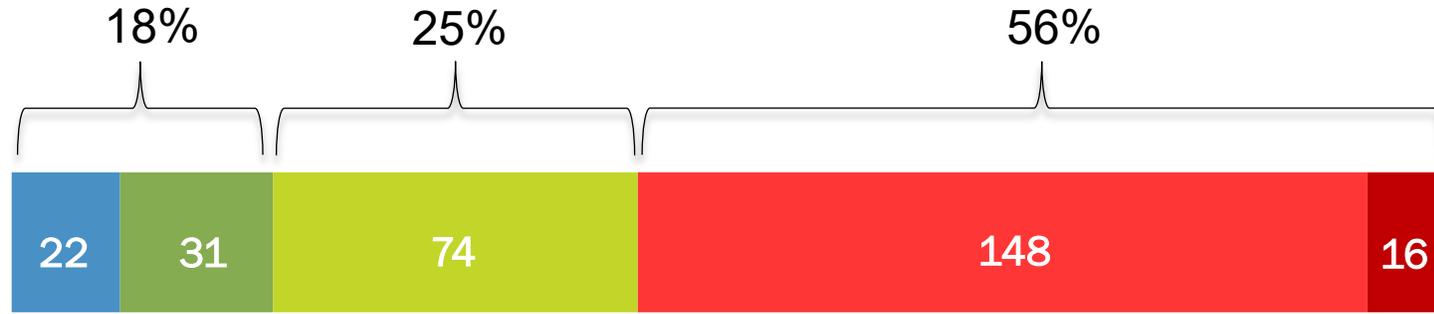
769 NASF  
24 seats @  
32 sf/student



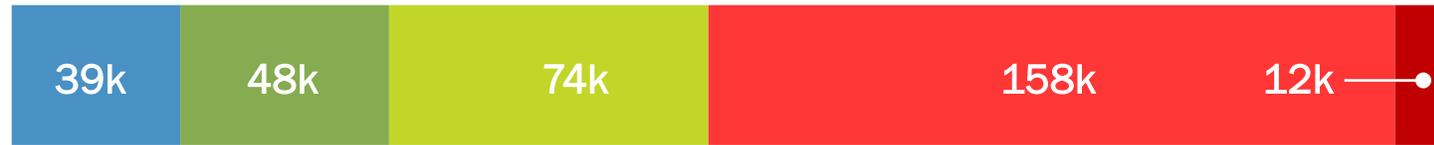
# Purdue University - LSRS

291  
classrooms

331k  
NASF



Number of Classrooms



NASF of Space



**Room for Improvement:**  
Density/Overcrowding within Rooms  
Seating Comfort  
Work Surface

**Finishes**

**Furniture**

31% of the inventory (90 rooms!) looked like this. Where do you begin?



83% needed zero- or low-cost improvements



## Layout and Furnishings

- Removing furniture
- Replacing furniture
- Adding whiteboards



# Implementation



Planned Demolition of Existing Buildings

**17 classrooms**



Classrooms in Larger Planned Building Renovations

**145 classrooms**



Optimize Existing Inventory

**92 classrooms**

2023

2024

2025

2026



Low LSRS, small rooms, easy wins

- **38 rooms total**
- Budget \$1.4 - 1.8M



Average LSRS, medium rooms, some major construction

- **16 rooms total**
- Budget \$1.7 – 2.4M



Average-good LSRS, larger rooms, some major construction

- **14 rooms total**
- Budget \$1.6 – 2.2M



Highest LSRS, modest upgrades

- **24 rooms total**
- Budget \$1.6 – 2.0M

Thank you for your time!  
Any questions?



# EDspaces

Designing the Future of Education  
Charlotte, NC | November 7-9, 2023

# Thank You!

Please scan the QR code to provide session feedback.



SCAN ME